# c-pro 3 NODE kilo - Programmable controllers

Read this document carefully before installing and using the device and follow all the additional information; keep this document close to the device for future consultations.



The device must be disposed according to the local legislation about the collection for electrical and electronic equipment.

#### INTRODUCTION

#### Introduction

c-pro 3 NODE kilo is a range of programmable controllers for applications in refrigeration and air conditioning sectors. The controllers have a considerable number of inputs and outputs; they allow to realize a flexible, modular and expandable control devices network

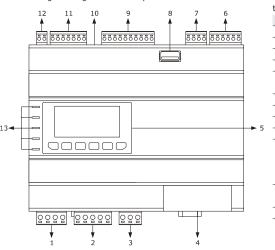
The variety of available communication ports (RS-485, CAN, USB and Ethernet) and supported communication protocols make easier the integration of the devices in systems

The application software can be realized through the UNI-PRO 3 development environment for programmable controllers.

## DESCRIPTION

The following drawing shows the aspect of the devices

For further information consult the hardware manual

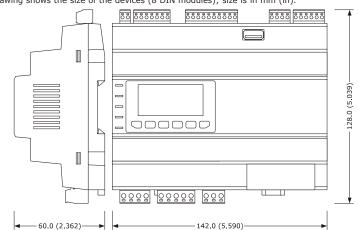


The following chart shows the meaning of the parts of

	the devices.						
	Part	Meaning					
	1	digital outputs K1 and K2					
	2	digital outputs K3, K4, K5 and K6					
	3	digital output K7					
	4	MODBUS TCP, Web Server Ethernet port					
	5	display and keyboard (not available in the blind					
		versions)					
	6	digital inputs					
	7	analog outputs					
▶ 5	8	USB port					
- 5	9	analog inputs					
	10	micro-switch to plug in the CANBUS CAN port					
		line termination, the MODBUS master/slave					
		RS-485 port line termination and the MODBUS					
		slave RS-485 port line termination					
	11	MODBUS slave RS-485 port, MODBUS master/					
		slave RS-485 port and CANBUS CAN port					
	12	power supply					
	13	signalling LEDs					

### SIZE AND INSTALLATION

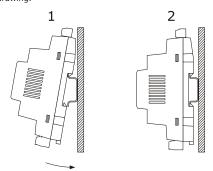
The following drawing shows the size of the devices (8 DIN modules); size is in mm (in).



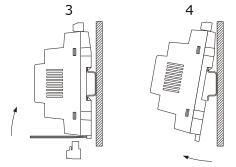
## Installation

Installation is on DIN rail 35.0 x 7.5 mm (1.377 x 0.295 in) or 35.0 x 15.0 mm (1.377 x 0.590 in), into a switch-

To install the devices operate as shown in the following drawing.



To remove the devices remove possible extractable screw terminal blocks plugged at the bottom first, then operate on the DIN rail clips with a screwdriver as shown in the following drawing.



To install the devices again press the DIN rail clips to the end

#### Additional information for the installation

make sure the working conditions of the device (operating temperature, operating humidity, etc.) are in the limits indicated; look at chapter "TECHNICAL DATA"

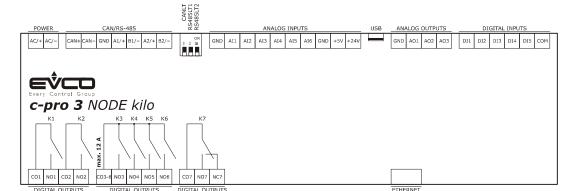
do not install the device close to heating sources (heaters, hot air ducts, etc.), devices having big magnetos (big speakers, etc.), locations subject to direct sunlight, rain, humidity, dust, mechanical vibrations or bumps

according to the safety legislation, the protection against possible contacts with the electrical parts must be ensured by a correct installation of the device; all the parts which ensure the protection must be fixed so that you can not remove them if not by using a tool.

## **ELECTRICAL CONNECTION**

### Connectors

The following drawing shows the connectors of the devices.



### 4.2 Meaning of connectors

The following charts show the meaning of the connectors of the devices.

For further information look at chapter "TECHNICAL DATA".

#### POWER

Power supply device (24 VAC/DC not isolated).

If the device is powered in direct current, it will be necessary to respect the polarity of the power supply voltage. If the device is connected to a devices network, it will be necessary:

- the power supply of the devices making the network is galvanically isolated one another
- the phase supplying the device is the same supplying all the devices making the network

# Part Meaning

- power supply device:
  - if the device is powered in alternate current connect the phase
  - if the device is powered in direct current, connect the positive pole
- power supply device:
  - if the device is powered in alternate current, connect the neutral
  - if the device is powered in direct current, con-
  - nect the negative pole

Part	Meaning
GND	ground analog inputs
AI1	analog input 1, which can be set via configuration
~11	parameter for PTC, NTC, Pt 1000 probes, 0-20 mA,
	4-20 mA, 0-5 V ratiometric or 0-10 V transducers
4.7.2	,
AI2	analog input 2, which can be set via configuration
	parameter for PTC, NTC, Pt 1000 probes, 0-20 mA,
	4-20 mA, 0-5 V ratiometric or 0-10 V transducers
AI3	analog input 3, which can be set via configuration
	parameter for PTC, NTC, Pt 1000 probes, 0-20 mA,
	4-20 mA, 0-5 V ratiometric or 0-10 V transducers
AI4	analog input 4, which can be set via configuration
	parameter for PTC, NTC or Pt 1000 probes
AI5	analog input 5, which can be set via configuration
	parameter for PTC, NTC or Pt 1000 probes
AI6	analog input 6, which can be set via configuration
	parameter for PTC, NTC or Pt 1000 probes
GND	ground analog inputs
+5V	power supply 0-5 V ratiometric transducers (5 VDC)
+24V	power supply 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA and 0-10 V trans-
	ducers (24 VAC)

# DIGITAL INPUTS

Digital inputs.

	Meaning
DI1	digital input 1 (24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz or 2 KI
	optoisolated); the frequency can be set with t
	development environment UNI-PRO 3

DI2 digital input 2 (24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz or 2 KHz optoisolated); the frequency can be set with the development environment UNI-PRO 3

DI3	digital input 3 (24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz optoisolated)
DI4	digital input 4 (24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz optoisolated)
DI5	digital input 5 (24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz optoisolated)
COM	common digital inputs

### ANALOG OUTPUTS Analog outputs.

# Part Meaning GND ground analog outputs

- analog output 1, which can be set via configuration parameter for PWM or 0-10 V AO2 analog output 2, which can be set via configuration parameter for PWM or 0-10 V
- AO3 analog output 3, which can be set via configuration parameter for 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V

# DIGITAL OUTPUTS

#### Digital outputs Part Meaning

CO1	common digital output 1				
NO1	normally open contact digital output 1				
	according to the model:				
	- 3 res. A @ 250 VAC electromechanical relay				
	- 24 VAC/DC, 600 mA max. command for solid				
	state relay				
CO2	common digital output 2				

NO2 normally open contact digital output 2

CO3-6 common digital outputs 3... 6

			model:				
-	3 res	. A @ 2	50 VAC	electro	omechanica	al rel	ay
-	24 V	AC/DC,	600 m	A max.	command	l for	solid
	state	relay					

normally open contact digital output 3 (3 res. A @
250 VAC electromechanical relay)
normally open contact digital output 4 (3 res. A @
250 VAC electromechanical relay)
normally open contact digital output 5 (3 res. A @
250 VAC electromechanical relay)
normally open contact digital output 6 (3 res. A @
250 VAC electromechanical relay)

CO7 common digital output 7 normally open contact digital output 7 (3 res. A @

250 VAC electromechanical relay) NC7 normally closed contact digital output 7

# CAN/RS-485

MODBUS slave RS-485 port, MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port and CAN CANBUS port.

The communication protocol of the MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port can be set with the development environment UNT-PRO 3.

# Part Meaning CAN+ positive pole CANBUS CAN port CAN- negative pole CANBUS CAN nort GND ground MODBUS slave RS-485 port, MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port and CAN CANBUS port A1/+ positive pole MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port B1/- negative pole MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port A2/+ positive pole MODBUS slave RS-485 port negative pole MODBUS slave RS-485 port

## USB

USB port.

MODBUS TCP, Web Server Ethernet port.

# 4.2 Plugging in the CANBUS CAN port line termina-

To plug in the CANBUS CAN port line termination, position micro-switch 3 on position ON.



# Plugging in the MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port line termination

To plug in the MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port line termination, position micro-switch 2 on position ON.



# Plugging in the MODBUS slave RS-485 port line

To plug in the MODBUS slave RS-485 port line termination, position micro-switch 1 on position ON.



# Polarizing the MODBUS master/slave RS-485

The polarization of the MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port can be set via configuration parameter.

## Polarizing the MODBUS slave RS-485 port The devices are not able to polarize the MODBUS slave RS-485 port; the polarization must be done by another de-

#### Additional information for electrical connection 4.7

- do not operate on the terminal blocks of the device using electrical or pneumatic screwers
- if the device has been moved from a cold location to a warm one, the humidity could condense on the inside: wait about an hour before supplying it
- make sure the power supply voltage, the electrical frequency and the electrical power of the device correspond to those of the local power supply; look at chapter "TECH-NICAL DATA"
- disconnect the power supply of the device before servic-
- connect the device to a RS-485 devices network using a twisted pair
- connect the device to a CAN devices network using a twisted pair
- position the power cables as far away as possible from the signal cables
- do not use the device as safety device for the repairs and for information about the device please
- contact the EVCO sales network.

### SIGNALINGS

#### Signalings

# LED Meaning

# ON LED power supply

#### if it is lit, the device will be powered f it is out, the device will not be powered

if it is lit, the application software will be compiled and running in release modality

if it flashes slowly, the application software will be compiled and running in debug modality if it flashes quickly, the application software will be compiled, running in debug modality and

the device will not be compatible with the application software

stopped in a breakpoint

the device will not be enabled to work with the special ABL (Application Block Libraries)

if it is lit, an alarm system not resettable via application software will be running f it flashes slowly, a system alarm with auto-

matic reset will be running if it flashes very slowly, an access to the external

FLASH memory will be running if it flashes quickly, a system alarm with manual

reset will be running f it is out, no alarm system will be running

# CAN LED CANBUS CAN communication

if it is lit, the device will be configured to communicate via CANBUS CAN with another device but the communication will not have been set up if it flashes slowly, the CANBUS CAN communication will have been set up but it will not be com-

if it flashes quickly, the CANBUS CAN communication will have been set up and will be correct if it is out, no CANBUS CAN communication will be running

### L1 LED auxiliary the operation of this LED can be set with the de-

velopment environment UNI-PRO 3

# TECHNICAL DATA

pletely correct

#### 6.1 Technical data Purpose of control: operating control device

Construction of control: incorporated electronic device.

Box: self-extinguishing grey.

Heat and fire resistance category: D. **Size:** 142.0 x 128.0 x 60.0 mm (5.590 x 5.039 x 2.362 in;

W x H x D); 8 DIN modules. Size refers to the device with the extractable screw termi-

nal blocks properly plugged. Method of mounting control: on DIN rail 35.0 x 7.5 mm

(1.377 x 0.295 in) or 35.0 x 15.0 mm (1.377 x 0.590 in). Degree of protection:

# IP20 on the whole

## IP40 the front.

### only male removable screw connection terminal blocks with pitch 3.5 mm (0.137 in) for conductors up to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0028 in<sup>2</sup>): power supply, analog inputs, digital inputs, analog outputs, MODBUS slave RS-485 port, MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port and CANBUS CAN port

- only male removable screw connection terminal blocks with pitch 5.0 mm (0.196 in) for conductors up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0038 in<sup>2</sup>): digital outputs
- A type USB connector: USB port
- RJ45 F telephone connector: MODBUS TCP, Web Server Ethernet port.

The maximum lengths allowed for the connecting cables are the following:

- power supply: 100 m (328 ft)
- analog inputs: 100 m (328 ft)
- power supply transducers: 100 m (328 ft) digital inputs: 100 m (328 ft)
- PWM analog outputs: 1 m (3.280 ft)
- 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA and 0-10 V analog outputs: 100 m  $\,$ (328 ft) digital outputs (electromechanical relays): 100 m
- (328 ft) digital outputs (command for solid state relays): 100 m (328 ft)
- MODBUS slave RS-485 port and MODBUS master/slave RS-485 port: 1,000 m (3,280 ft); also look at MODBUS specifications and implementation guides manual available on http://www.modbus.org/specs.php

- CANBUS CAN port:
- 1.000 m (3.280 ft) with baud rate 20.000 baud
- 500 m (1.640 ft) with baud rate 50,000 baud
- 250 m (820 ft) with baud rate 125,000 baud - 50 m (164 ft) with baud rate 500,000 baud
- according to the factory setting the device automatically detects the baud rate of the other elements making the network, on condition that it is one of those listed before; on afterwards set manually the baud rate to the same value of that of the other elements

USB port: 1 m (3.280 ft).

To wire the device one suggests using the connecting kit CJAV31 (to order separately): only female removable screw connection terminal blocks with pitch 3.5 mm (0.137 in) for conductors up to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0028 in<sup>2</sup>) and only female removable screw connection terminal blocks with pitch  $5.0 \ \text{mm}$  ( $0.196 \ \text{in}$ ) for conductors up to  $2.5 \ \text{mm}^2$ (0.0038 in<sup>2</sup>)

To program the device one suggests using the connecting cables 0810500018 or 0810500020 (to order separately): the cable 0810500018 is 2.0 m (6.561 ft) long, the cable 0810500020 is 0.5 m (1.640 ft) long.

### Operating temperature:

- from -10 to 60 °C (from 14 to 140 °F) for the built-in
- from -20 to 60 °C (from -4 to 140 °F) for the blind

Storage temperature: from -25 to 70 °C (from -13 to

158 °F). Operating humidity: from 10 to 90% of relative humid-

ity not condensing Control pollution situation: 2.

# **Environmental conformity:**

- RoHS 2011/65/CE
- WEEE 2012/19/EU
- REACH regulation (CE) n. 1907/2006.

#### **EMC** conformity:

- EN 60730-1
- IEC 60730-1.

#### Power supply:

- 24 VAC (+10 %, -15 %), 50/60 Hz (±3 Hz), 35 VA max. not isolated
- 24 VDC (-15 %, +65 %), 12 W max. not isolated supplied by a class 2 circuit.

Protect the power supply with a 2 A-T 250 V fuse.

If the device is powered in direct current, it will be necessary to respect the polarity of the power supply voltage. Rated impulse voltage: 4 KV.

Overvoltage category: III.

# Class and structure of software: A.

Real time clock: incorporated (with lithium primary bat-

Battery range in absence of power supply: 5 years @ 25 °C (77 °F).

Drift:  $\leq$  30 s/month @ 25 °C (77 °F).

# Analog inputs: 5 inputs:

- 3 which can be set via configuration parameter for PTC, NTC or Pt 1000 probes
- 3 which can be set via configuration parameter for PTC, NTC, Pt 1000 probes, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, 0-5 V ratiometric or 0-10 V transducers

Power supply 0-5 V ratiometric transducers: 5 VDC (+0 %, -12 %), 60 mA max.

Power supply 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA and 0-10 V transducers: 24 VAC (+50 %, -25 %), 120 mA max. The maximum current which can be supplied on the whole

from the two power supply is 120 mA. PTC analog inputs (990 Ω @ 25 °C, 77 °F)

Kind of sensor: KTY 81-121. Working range: from -50 to 150 °C (from -58

to 302 °F). ±0.5 % of the full scale. Accuracy: 0.1 °C. Resolution:

Conversion time: 100 ms. Protection: none. NTC analog inputs (10 K $\Omega$  @ 25 °C, 77 °F)

Kind of sensor: ß3435. from -40 to 120 °C (from -58 Working range:

to 248 °F). Accuracy: ±0.5 % of the full scale

from -40 to 100 °C ±1 °C from -50 to -40 °C

and from 100 to 120 °C. Resolution 0.1 °C. Conversion time: 100 ms.

NTC analog inputs (10 KΩ @ 25 °C, 77 °F)

Kind of sensor: NTC type 2.

from -40 to 86 °C (from -40 to Working range: 186 °F).

from -40 to 86 °C (from -40 to

±1 °C. Accuracy: Resolution: 0.1 °C. Conversion time: 100 ms. Protection: none.

NTC analog inputs (10 K $\Omega$  @ 25 °C, 77 °F) Kind of sensor: NTC type 3.

186 °F). ±1 °C Accuracy: Resolution 0.1 °C. Conversion time 100 ms. Protection:

Working range

Pt 1000 analog inputs (1 KΩ @ 0 °C, 32 °F)

from -100 to 400 °C (from -148 Working range: to 752 °F).

±0.5 % of the full scale from -100 to 200 °C

±2 °C from 200 to -400 °C. Resolution Conversion time: 100 ms.

Protection: none. 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA analog inputs Input resistance:  $\leq$  200  $\Omega$ .

 $\pm 0.5$  % of the full scale. Accuracy:

Resolution: 0.01 mA. Conversion time: 100 ms.

none: the maximum current al-Protection: lowed on each input is 25 mA.

0-5 V ratiometric and 0-10 V analog inputs

Input resistance:  $\geq$  10 K $\Omega$ . ±0.5 % of the full scale. Accuracy: 0.01 V.

Resolution: Conversion time: 100 ms. Protection: none.

**Digital inputs:** 5 inputs (which can be set with the development environment UNI-PRO 3 for NO or NC contact):

- 2 at 24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz or 2 KHz optoisolated; the frequency can be set with the development environment UNT-PRO 3
- 3 at 24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz.

24 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz digital inputs

24 VAC (±15 %), 50/60 Hz Power supply: (±3 Hz)

24 VDC (+66 %, -16 %). Input resistance  $\geq$  10 K $\Omega$ .

Protection: 24 VAC/DC, 2 KHz digital inputs

Power supply: 24 VAC (±15 %), 50/60 Hz

(±3 Hz) 24 VDC (+66 %, -16 %).

 $\geq$  10 K $\Omega$ . Input resistance: Protection: none.

**Analog outputs:** 3 outputs: 2 which can be set via configuration parameter for PWM or 0-10 V

1 which can be set via configuration parameter for 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V.

PWM analog outputs

Resolution

10 VDC (+16 %, -25 %), 10 mA Power supply:

max. 0... 2 KHz. Frequency: 0... 100 %. Duty: Protection: none. 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA analog outputs 40... 300 Ω. Input resistance:

±3 % of the full scale. Accuracy: Resolution: 0.05 mA.

Conversion time: 1 s. Protection: none 0-10 V analog outputs

Input resistance: 1 KΩ. Accuracy: ±3 % of the full scale.

+2 %, -5 % of the full scale for loads having impedance from 1 to 5 KO

±2 % of the full scale for loads having impedance > 5 KΩ.

**Digital outputs:** 7 outputs:

- according to the model:
- six 3 res. A @ 250 VAC SPST electromechanical relavs (K1... K6)
- two 24 VAC/DC, 600 mA max. commands for solid state relay (K1 and K2) and four 3 res. A @ 250 VAC

SPST electromechanical relays (K3... K6) one 3 res. A @ 250 VAC SPDT electromechanical relay (K7).

The device ensures a double insulation among each connector of the digital outputs and the remaining parts of the de-

Type 1 or type 2 actions: type 1.

Additional features of type 1 or type 2 action: C.

- **Displays:** according to the model:
- none (blind version)
- 4+4 digits custom display (built-in LED version) 128 x 64 pixel single colour LCD graphic display (built-in

Communication ports: 5 ports:

- 1 RS-485 port with MODBUS slave communication pro-
- 1 RS-485 port with MODBUS master/slave communication protocol (which can be set with the development environment UNI-PRO 3)
- 1 CAN port with CANBUS communication protocol
- 1 USB port
- 1 Ethernet port with MODBUS TCP, Web Server communication protocol

